Salt electrolysis **NEOSAL**



INSTALLATION AND USER GUIDE



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from **4g** salt/l

1.

Description

Water treatment system and a controller for swimming pools.

Water treatment: The salt water electrolysis produces chlorine from a base of salt water of low salinity. The electrolysis cell attains a production of sodium hypochlorite (liquid chlorine) from 3g salt per liter. The chlorine combats and eliminates bacteria, virus, pathogenic agents and oxidizes organic matter present in the water. The used sodium hypochlorite reconverts into salt after a few hours. The system controls centrally all the components of your pool, ensuring an efficient interaction.





Item	Product description	Item	Product description
1.	Electrolysis	7.	Electrolysis cell
2.	RCA flow detector	8.	RCA flow detector
3.	Main connection 230 V	9.	Cell connector
4.	ON/OFF switch	10.	Cell housing
5.	Fuse for device and cell 4 A	11.	Flow/gas detector (internal)
6.	Fuse relays 4 A		



System installation



Electrical consumption

It's recommended to use a time delay circuit breaker of 25 A for domestic devices and a time delay circuit breaker of 40 A for industrial devices. In case of sharing the power supply with other devices please consult a technician in order to dimension a correct installation.

		Domestic device	
2	. SAL 16	130 W	16
t		* Filtration contro	bl by external tim
			"Manual/
		* Filtration contro	bl by internal time
	(Transmitting)		Filtration See secti Filtration General Guide
		Relay FILTER PUM	P 110-230 V

	Product description
1.	Filtration pump timer *
2.	Silex / glass / diatom filter
3.	Recirculation pump
4.	Electronic box
5.	Electrolysis cell (always in vertical position)
6.	pH probe (optional - for models with pH control)
7.	redoX probe (optional - for models with redoX control)
8.	Acid dosing pump (optional - for models with pH control)
9.	Acid injector (optional - for models with pH control)
10.	Hydrochloric acid container (optional, for models with pH control, not supplied with unit)
11.	Other pool equipment
12.	Module RF or RF/WIFI or WIFI
13.	Free chlorine control

Initial water adjustments

Water adjustments

- 1 Adjust the alkalinity between 90 and 110 ppm's.
- 2 Adjust the pH between 7,2 y 7,5.
- 3 Adjust the chlorine between 1 y 1,5 ppm's.
- In case the water is supplied from a well: Shock chlorination with trichloroisocyanuric acid (2 kg / 50 m³ of water).

Adding salt to the water / conductivity

- 1 We recommend to add 5-6 g of salt (without iodine) for each liter of water in your swimming pool (5 to 6 kg NaCl per m³ water).
- 2 Open the bottom valve of your swimming pool and add the salt directly to your swimming pool water. Let the circulation pump run during the first 24 hours.
- The system may operate while the salt is dissolving and will operate without problems with salt concentrations from 2,5 g/l to 50 g/l.
- In pools with strong insolation, it's necessary to add 40 gr/m³ of stabiliser (isocyanuric acid).

Maintenance



First days of maintenance

During the first 10-15 days your pool system will require more attention and the following care:

- 1 Make sure the pH remains on the ideal level (7,2 7,5). If the pH is unusually unstable and uses a lot of acid check the alkalinity (recommended levels between 80 y 125 ppm).
- 2 The pool must be vacuumed and the skimmers cleaned whenever necessary to ensure perfect water conditions.

REMEMBER that the system requires a certain amount of time to adapt to your swimming pool and will require additional chemicals during the first 3-5 days.

Cleaning the titanium cell

If necessary, carry out a monthly visual inspection. To clean the cell:

- 1 Remove the cell from its support (after turning off the filtration system and closing off the necessary valves).
- 2 Place the cell for no more than 10 minutes in 15% hydrochloric acid (1,5 l of acid for each 8,5 l of water).
- 3 Once the incrustations have softened remove with a hose to complete cleaning the cell.

DO NOT USE METALIC OR SHARP OBJECTS TO REMOVE INCRUSTATIONS. Scratching the edges or surface of the cell will make it vulnerable to chemicals, deteriorate the cell and cancel the guarantee.

Fortnightly checks		Monthly checks			
Free chlorine:	1,0 - 2,0 ppm	Total alkalinity (tac) pH:	80 - 120 ppm	Cyanuric acid:	30 - 50 ppm
pH:	7,2 - 7,5	Salt concentration:	4.000 - 6.000 ppm	Titanium cell:	Visual inspection to detect incrustations.

General maintenance

- 1 The pool must be vacuumed as usual and the skimmers emptied whenever necessary.
- 2 FILTER BACKWASHING: The system requires only occasional filter cleaning; once every 20 days should be sufficient (providing the filter pressure does not exceed 1 bar, in which case a filter cleaning may be necessary). VERY IMPORTANT: Make sure the cell is off while cleaning the filter. If the system controls the filtration pump, use the option "filter cleaning" of the programmed filtration mode. See section 5– Filtration / Filter Cleaning of the General Installation Guide.
- 3 ADDING NEW WATER: Always through the skimmers so that the new water passes through the system before entering the pool. Remember to add the necessary salt (6 gr) per added liter of water.
- 4 In winter changing the pool water is not recommendable. We recommend that the system runs 2-3 times per week (2-3 hours per day).
- 5 DOSING PUMPS: Check regularly to ensure that the container contains liquid to prevent the dosing pump of running dry. The dosing pump requires maintenance (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON BOX).
- 6 pH PROBES / redoX / CONDUCTIVITY: Probes must be cleaned whenever necessary (check every 5-6 months). To clean the probe insert in distilled water (clear liquid). After each cleaning the probes must be calibrated. Also: the probes should never dry out and must be kept wet if stored (when emptying the pool for winterizing, make sure to store the measuring head in water).

Troubleshooting

Blank display

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- Check if ON/OFF switch is illuminated.
- Check the connection wire between display and motherboard.
- Check fuse of the device 3.15 A it could have tripped due to overload.
- Check the power supply 110V/60Hz 230V/50Hz.
- If problem persists contact TECHNICAL SERVICE

Electrolysis does not reach maximum intensity

- Low water temperature.
- Check sodium bromide or common salt concentration in water.
- Check cell status (may be incrusted or calcified).
- Clean the cell according to the instructions in section 4.
- Clean the flow detector situated in the cell housing.
- Check titanium cell is not worn out (remember that the cell is guaranteed for 5.000 hours, approx. 2-3 years of summer usage).

Free chlorine levels don't reach 0,8 ppm

- Increase filtration interval.
- Increase electrolysis level.
- Check levels of sodium bromide or common salt in the pool (6 gr NaCl/l).
- Check level of isocyanuric acid in pool (30-50 ppm), only if using common salt
- Check if reactive agents in test kit are expired.
- Check if the temperature or amount of users has risen.
- If the water pH is above 7,8 it must be adjusted.

Electrolysis display shows LOW

- Water lacks conductivity (see section 3 Initial water adjustments).
- Check for incrustations on cell.
- See section 5 Electrolysis does not reach maximum intensity.

Electrolysis display shows FLOW

- Check flow detector cable.
- Clean incrustations of flow detector at the top of cell housing.
- Check if system is free of air (probe must be always submerged).

Excess of chlorine in the water

- Lower electrolysis cell intensity.
- If your system includes automatic redoX control, check redoX setpoint.
- Check redoX probe and calibrate it if necessary.

Titanium cell incrusted in less than 1 month

- Very hard waters with a high pH and total alkalinity: balance water adjusting pH and total alkalinity.
- Check to ensure the system automatically changes polarity every 300 minutes approximately.
- Consult with our technical service to consider accelerating the polarity change (auto-cleaning). WARNING: Accelerating the polarity change decreases the cell life (5.000 hours) proportionally.

Alarm AL3 and pH dosing pump stopped

- The maximum dosing time (standard 200 min.) is accomplished and the acid dosing pump stops in order to avoid the acidification of the water.
- To delete the message and to restart the metering press ESC (☉). Do the following verifications in order to preclude errors on the device: Verify if the pH probe reading is correct (if not, calibrate the probe or substitute it with a new one); Verify if the acid/base deposit is full and if the dosing pump is working correctly; Verify the variable speed of the dosing pump.

White flakes in the water

- The water is excessively hard and it is unbalanced.
- Balance the water and check the cell, proceeding to clean it if necessary.
- Put 1 small bag of flocculant in the skimmer and recirculate 24 hours.

Rust on metallic components in the pool

- Metallic elements lack standardized earth connection. Contact an electrician to solve the problem.
- Rusted components are not stainless steel (minimum 304 recommended 316).

Polarity 1 reaches maximum intensity, but polarity 2 (auto clean) does not reach maximum intensity

- If salt level is correct (4-6 kg/m³): Cell is reaching its end of life. As of this moment check intensity every 15-30 days.
- When polarity 2 does not reach medium intensity, we recommend substituting the cell for a new one if it happens during the summer period. If it happens during winter, change the cell before the next summer period.



WARNING Keep chemical levels in pool as instructed in this manual.

CLEANING FILTER

Very Important: Make sure the cell is off while cleaning the filter. If the system controls the filtration pump, use the option "filter cleaning" of the programmed filtration mode. See section 5 – Filtration / Filter Cleaning of the General Installation Guide.

VERY IMPORTANT

Remember that the system needs some time to adapt to your pool and that you will have to increase chemical levels for the first 5 days.

EARTHING

All metallic components in the pool such as lamps, ladders, heat exchangers, drains or similar elements within 3 m from the pool (10 feet) must be connected to an earth below 37 Ohms. If using heat exchangers, we recommend them to be made of titanium.

SECURITY

To avoid accidents, children should not handle this product unless supervised by an adult. Children should be supervised at all times when in or near a spa, pool or jacuzzi.

HANDLING AND DOSING DANGEROUS CHEMICALS

Chemicals should be handled with extreme precaution. When preparing acid, always add acid to water, never add water to acid, because very dangerous gasses may be produced.

Electronic box

Description	NEO 16
Max. production Cl ₂ /h	16 g
Salt concentration	From 4 gr to 100 gr Na/Cl
m³ Pool (up to 28ºC)	65 m ³
m³ Pool (+28ºC)	40 m ³
Display	1,44" TFT mobile (20 m) color display
Power supply	220 V 50/60 Hz
Outlet	8-15 A
Maximum consumption	120 W
Dimensions	270 x 220 x 115 mm
Electronic box	Fireproof plastic ABS black
Front cover	Plastic ABS blue
Electronic	Microprocessor 32 bit
Intensity control	Ampere + Volt
Ventilation	Heat sink
Automatic cleaning	Programmable from 1 to 24 hours
Flow switch	Gas sensor
Hour counter	Yes - accessible by client
Control production of disinfection	g/L
Alarms	Insufficient salt / no flow / memory error
Display salt concentration	NO
Production control by pool cover	Programmable 0-100% production of disinfection depending on pool cover open or closed
Production control by ext. signal	NO
Communication	NO
Control main outputs	NO
Control additional outputs	NO

Electrolysis cell







SAFETY SENSOR Security sensor



7.

Electrolysis cell 4 Titanium cell plates MONOPOLAR Minimum flow 5 m³/h Dimension cell plates 200 x 45 mm Material cell housing PVC plastic transparent Thread for an easy installation Cell fastener Diameter tube connection 63 mm Dimension cell 355 x 305 x 305 mm Cell cable size (3 x 4) x 1,5 m Incorporated in the cell Gas sensor Maximum pressure 4 Kg/cm² 45ºC Maximum temperature

Dimensions



35 mm

8.



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